SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT FACT SHEET Massachusetts Department of Public Health, Bureau of Substance Abuse Services

This fact sheet contains information about the impact of alcohol and other drug use in the Twelfth Suffolk Representative District. Admission data were reported to the Bureau of Substance Abuse Services (BSAS) Substance Abuse Management Information System in FY 2003.

Residents of Twelfth Suffolk Representative District

Characteristics of Admissions

In FY 2003, there were 115,896 admissions to licensed substance abuse treatment services in all of Massachusetts; 19.1% (22,225) of these admissions reside in the Twelfth Suffolk Representative District. 1.1% (261) of admissions from the Twelfth Suffolk Representative District were under 17 years of age. Please note that these statistics represent only individual admissions, and represent a figure lower than the actual number of constituents in need of treatment services. In FY 2003, admissions to all residential and outpatient substance abuse treatment services from the Twelfth Suffolk Representative District reported the following characteristics:

- 75% were male and 25% were female.
- 64% were between the ages of 30-49.
- 47% were white non-Latino, 30% were black non-Latino, 18% were Latino, and 4% were other racial categories.
- 74% were never married, 9% were married, and 17% reported not to be married now.
- 33% had less than high school education, 49% completed high school, and 18% had more than high school education.
- 12% were employed.
- 40% were homeless.
- 19% had prior mental health treatment.

Primary Substance of Use

At admission clients also identify a "primary drug" of use that is the substance for which the client is seeking treatment. Table 1 compares the proportional distribution of primary drugs in Massachusetts with that for the Twelfth Suffolk Representative District.

Table 1 Primary Drug by District and State FY 2003									
	Alcohol	Heroin	Marijuana	Cocaine	Crack				
District	40%	47%	4%	4%	5%				
State	43%	38%	6%	4%	4%				

Substances Used in Past Year

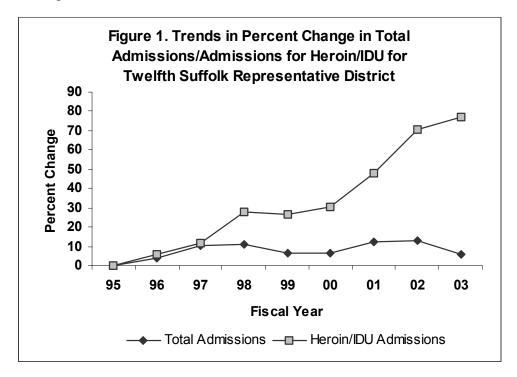
Upon entering treatment, each client is asked to report ALL substances used in the past year (12 months) prior to admission. Admissions frequently report using more than one substance within the year. The use of more than one psychoactive substance, such as alcohol and marijuana, is referred to as 'polydrug' or 'polysubstance' use.

Table 2 shows ALL substances which clients reported using in the year prior to admission, as well as the prevalence of injection drug users (or IDU's), individuals who use a needle to ingest cocaine, crack, heroin or another drug to get high.

Table 2 Annual Admissions by Substance Used: FY 1995 – FY 2003											
Twelfth Suffolk Representative District											
	Total	Alcohol	Marijuana	Cocaine	Crack	Heroin	IDU				
FY '95	20,965	16,030	5,820	8,756	6,389	6,867	4,263				
FY '96	21,759	16,231	5,713	8,403	6,332	7,405	4,392				
FY '97	23,071	17,611	5,693	7,860	6,468	7,591	4,814				
FY '98	23,248	17,138	5,544	7,093	5,349	8,638	5,570				
FY '99	22,277	16,447	5,098	6,879	5,045	8,645	5,461				
FY '00	22,266	16,206	4,923	6,445	4,607	8,911	5,632				
FY '01	23,540	16,438	5,203	6,328	4,247	10,379	6,098				
FY '02	23,729	15,705	4,749	6,229	4,197	11,461	7,500				
FY '03	22,225	14,236	4,315	5,973	3,833	11,374	8,298				

Heroin and Injection Drug Use

Figure 1 below shows the proportional increases in all admissions in the Twelfth Suffolk Representative District and the proportional increase in admissions reporting heroin and injection drug use, a factor driving increases in HIV.



Prepared by: Massachusetts Department of Public Health, Bureau of Substance Abuse Services, Office of Statistics and Evaluation